



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/931,301	08/16/2001	Steven Black	AUS920010242US1	3154

35525 7590 05/25/2006

IBM CORP (YA)
C/O YEE & ASSOCIATES PC
P.O. BOX 802333
DALLAS, TX 75380

EXAMINER

CHAI, LONGBIT

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2131

DATE MAILED: 05/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/931,301

Applicant(s)

BLACK ET AL.

Examiner

Longbit Chai

Art Unit

2131

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 May 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.



AYAZ SHEIKH
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 03 January 2002 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 – 21 have been presented for examination. Presently, pending claims are 1 – 21.

Appeal Brief filed 5/9/2006 has been fully considered and a new ground of rejection has been made to withdraw the finality of the rejection.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 5 – 6, 12 – 13 and 19 – 20 are objected to because of the following informalities: “one of a computer and a collection of computers” should be “one of a computer or a collection of computers”. Appropriate correction is required.

Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: “several source computer” should be “several source computers”. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 102 that forms the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1 – 4, 8 – 11 and 15 – 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Drake et al. (US Patent 6,347,374).

As per claim 1, 8 and 15, Drake teaches a method in a data processing system for reporting security situations, comprising the steps of:

logging events by storing event attributes as an event set, wherein each event set includes a source attribute, a target attribute and an event category attribute (Drake: Column 12 Line 43 – 45 and Column 15 Line 60 – 67);

classifying events as groups by aggregating events with at least one attribute within the event set as an identical value (Drake: Column 12 Line 2 – 4, Column 12 Line 38 – 41 and Column 16 Line 1 – 8, Column 11 Line 38 – 50 and Column 14 Line 18 – 21: Drake teaches aggregating the correlated raw events into event groups with at least one attribute within the event set as an identical value such as (a) same user ID, or (b) same group type as “authentication failure” to generate an alert of severity situations).

calculating severity levels for the groups, wherein a severity level for a group is a function of a number of events comprising the group and values of common elements in the group (Drake: Column 12 Line 29 – 30, Column 16 Line 15 – 18, Column 11 Line 38 – 50, Column 16 Line 15 – 18 and Column 14 Line 18 – 21: the “authentication failure” is qualified to meet the severity level as an event caused by the failures of a user login).

reporting a group from the groups to a user as a situation, if a severity level of the group exceeds a threshold value (Drake: Column 11 Line 38 – 50 and Column 14 Line 18 – 21: the “authentication failure” is qualified to meet the severity level as an event caused by the failures of a user login when the aggregating events exceed the predetermined number (i.e., threshold = 3) as taught by Drake).

As per claim 2, 9 and 16, Drake teaches the severity levels are calculated based on at least one of the number of event sets within each of the groups, the source attribute of the event sets within each of the groups, the target attribute of the event sets within each of the groups, and the event category attribute of the event sets within each of the groups (Drake: Column 11 Line 38 – 50 and Column 14 Line 18 – 21: Drake teaches aggregating the correlated raw events into event groups with at least one attribute within the event set as an identical value such as (a) same user ID, or (b) same group type as “authentication failure” to generate an alert of severity situations).

As per claim 3, 10 and 17, Drake teaches the events include at least one of a web server event, an electronic mail event, a Trojan horse, denial of service, a virus, a

Art Unit: 2131

network event, an authentication failure, and an access violation (Drake: Column 14 Line 18 – 21: authentication failures).

As per claim 4, 11 and 18, Drake teaches calculating the threshold value based on at least one of the source attribute of the event sets within the group, the target attribute of the event sets within the group, the event category attribute in each event set of the group, and the number of attributes in each event set of the group that are held constant across all of the event sets in the group (Drake: Column 16 Line 13 – 18 and Column 14 Line 18 – 21).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 5 – 7, 12 – 14 and 19 – 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in view of Drake et al. (US Patent 6,347,374), in view of Burrows et al. (US Patent 2002/0073338).

As per claim 7, 14 and 21, Drake does not disclose expressly aggregating a subset of the groups into a combined group.

Burrows teaches aggregating a subset of the groups into a combined group (Burrows: Para [0050] and Para [0046] Line 10 – 11: similar to the Figure 8 / Element 804/806/802 of the instant application, the single source computer that causes broadcast storms to any of the unspecified destination computers, as taught by Burrows, does indeed generate a combined group of events. Likewise, it applies to the similar situation of denial-of-service attacks).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Burrows within the system of Drake because (a) Drake teaches improving network security by providing an effective event detecting systems (Drake, see example, Column 2 Line 4 – 8 and Column 3 Line 34 – 35]) and (b) Burrows teaches managing and tracking computer security incidents that may occur in a network computer system by effectively detecting any types of behavior and undesirable patterns of packet traffic (Burrows: Para [0019]).

As per claim 5, 12 and 19, Drake does not disclose expressly the target attribute represents one of a computer and a collection of computers.

Burrows teaches the target attribute represents one of a computer and a collection of computers (Burrows: Para [0050] and Para [0046] Line 10 – 11: the target attribute could be the single server computer that causes denial-of-service or a collection of computers such as broadcast storms).

Same rationale of combination applies herein as above in rejecting the claim 7.

As per claim 6, 13 and 20, Drake does not disclose expressly the source attribute represents one of a computer and a collection of computers.

Burrows teaches the source attribute represents one of a computer and a collection of computers (Burrows: Para [0050] and Para [0046] Line 10 – 11: the source attribute could be the single source computer that causes broadcast storms to any of the unspecified destination computers or as a collection of computers such as denial-of-service attacks).

Same rationale of combination applies herein as above in rejecting the claim 7.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Longbit Chai whose telephone number is 571-272-3788. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am-4:00pm.


Art Unit: 2131

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R. Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Longbit Chai
Examiner
Art Unit 2131


LBC


AYAZ SHEIKH
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100